

Financial Report December 31, 2024

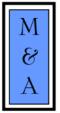
# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Financial Report December 31, 2024

### **Table of Contents**

	Page(s)
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	A1 – A3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	B1 – B5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	C1
Statement of Activities	C2
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund – Conservation Trust Fund	C3
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund – Conservation Trust Fund	C4
Statement of Net Position – All Proprietary Funds	C5
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – All Proprietary Funds	C6
Statement of Cash Flows – All Proprietary Funds	C7
Notes to the Financial Statements	D1 – D14
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (GAAP basis) and Actual – Conservation Trust Fund	E1
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual with Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:	
Water and Sewer Fund Public Works Fund	F1 F2

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Battlement Mesa, Colorado

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

# Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

U.S. GAAP require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B in accordance with U.S. GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information in section E is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. GAAP. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT Board of Directors Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Battlement Mesa, Colorado

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The individual fund budgetary comparisons found in Section F are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund budgetary comparisons found in Section F are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Uc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.

McMahan and Associates, L.L.C. Avon, Colorado May 27, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# **Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District**

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024

As management of the Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected receivables).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activity of the District is culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the District include the water and sewer systems and public works.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in Section C of this report.

**Fund financial statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds:** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The District's governmental fund is the Conservation Trust Fund.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)**

**Governmental funds (continued):** Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its funds. The District does not have a General Fund and therefore no budgetary comparisons are presented for the General Fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in Section C of this report.

**Proprietary funds:** The District maintains proprietary funds commonly known as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer systems and public works.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the business-type services provided by the District, each of which is considered to be a major fund of the District.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in Section C of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found at Section D of this report.

**Other information:** The budgetary schedules found in Sections E and F provide a detailed comparison of the District's actual revenues and expenditures to actual amounts. As the District's proprietary funds were not adopted in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), those schedules are presented on a Non-GAAP basis with reconciliation to GAAP basis.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District's Net Position**

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023 (Restated)	2024	2023 (Restated)	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	81,277	65,938	2,195,449	3,329,296	2,276,726	3,395,234	
Capital assets		-	6,233,878	5,051,881	6,233,878	5,051,881	
Total Assets	81,277	65,938	8,429,327	8,381,177	8,510,604	8,447,115	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities	-	-	265,910	209,723	265,910	209,723	
Non-current liabilities		-	49,670	54,737	49,670	54,737	
Total liabilities	-	-	315,580	264,460	315,580	264,460	
Net Position: Net investment in							
capital assets	-	-	6,233,878	5,051,881	6,233,878	5,051,881	
Unrestricted Net Position	81,277	65,938	1,879,869	3,064,836	1,961,146	3,130,774	
Total Net Position	81,277	65,938	8,113,747	8,116,717	8,195,024	8,182,655	

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Traditionally, the largest portion of any district's investments is in its capital assets. Water and sewer systems are necessary in order to deliver and/or provide services to the District's residents. The District's capital assets account for 74% of its total assets. These assets are not an available source for payment of future spending.

The District's total net position increased to \$8,195,023 in 2024 from \$8,182,655, a \$12,369 increase.

#### Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
-				2023		2023	
	2024	2023	2024	(Restated)	2024	(Restated)	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	-	-	2,815,826	2,739,174	2,815,826	2,739,174	
Operating grants and							
contributions	-	-	1,775	272	1,775	272	
Capital grants and contributions	15,339	17,801	248,832	50,000	264,171	67,801	
General revenues:							
Investment earnings	-	-	125,453	157,600	125,453	157,600	
Total Revenues	15,339	17,801	3,191,886	2,947,046	3,207,225	2,964,847	
Expenses:							
Water and sewer	-	-	3,163,466	2,854,305	3,163,466	2,854,305	
Public works	-	-	31,390	17,241	31,390	17,241	
Total Expenses	-	-	3,194,856	2,871,546	3,194,856	2,871,546	
Change in Net Position	15,339	17,801	(2,970)	75,500	12,369	93,301	
Net Position - Beginning	65,938	48,137	8,116,717	8,041,217	8,182,655	8,089,354	
Net Position - Ending	81,277	65,938	8,113,747	8,116,717	8,195,024	8,182,655	

#### Governmental activities:

The governmental activities net position increased \$15,339 as the result of lottery funding received.

#### **Business-type activities:**

- The Water and Sewer Fund's change in net position was a positive \$3,920. Operating revenues increased \$53,655 from 2023, mostly as a result of a 7% increase in the base sewer rate, effective January 1, 2024. Operating expenses increased \$291,919 from 2023, largely attributed to planned capital projects, an increase in depreciation expense, and more staff. Non-operating revenues increased \$166,685, due to an increase in contributions to capital projects from the Garfield County Federal Mineral Lease District offset by a small decrease in interest income, as a result of less cash on hand during the year than in 2023 as the District spent approximately \$1.8 million on capital projects during the year.
- The Public Works Fund saw a \$6,890 decrease in net position during the year, mostly attributed to the \$4,046 in depreciation expense.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds:** The focus of the District's governmental fund is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$81,277. The governmental fund of the District accounts for the lottery proceeds received from the State of Colorado. These funds are to be used for recreational purposes. The District does not have a General Fund, as its operations are primarily water and sewer services and public works reported in the business-type activities.

**Proprietary funds:** The District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the proprietary funds combined at the end of the current fiscal year is \$1,879,869 and is broken down as follows: Water and Sewer Fund, \$1,817,887 and Public Works Fund, \$61,982. The net unrestricted assets are available for spending at the District's discretion.

**Budget variance in the proprietary funds:** The District had the following significant budget variances and is detailed as follows:

Account Water & Sewer Fund	l V I	Driginal Budget /ariance Positive legative)	Reason
Revenues:			
Grants and contributions awarded	\$	98,832	Received and unexpected \$95,000 from the Garfield County Mineral Lease District for paving of the shop parking lot
Tap fees		(95,000)	New developments did not start.
<b>Expenses:</b> Repairs and maintenance Capital outlay	\$	(46,493) (282,463)	
Public Works Fund			
Expenses: Repairs and maintenance		(12,079)	Unanticipated water leaks.
Conservation Trust Fund Expenditures: Parks and recreation		14,000	No expenses in the current year.

## Financial Analysis of the District's Funds (continued)

**Capital assets:** The District's capital assets increased by a net \$1,181,997 due to more capital additions than depreciation expense. Some of the larger projects undertaken during the year were installation of the backup electric generator at the wastewater plant, Zone A, B, and C water pump replacements, and purchase of a Ford F-350 and flatbed. Additional information as well as a detailed classification of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statement in Section D of this report.

**Long-term liabilities:** A detailed classification of the District's total long-term liabilities can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements in Section D.

#### Next year's budget and rates:

The 2025 budget reflects the following:

- An increase in the base water rate from \$20 to \$22, an increase of \$4 to \$4.20 for water used in excess of 5,000 gallons, and an increase of \$4.20 to \$4.84 for water used in excess of 20,000 gallons.
- An increase in the monthly minimum sewer rate from \$32 to \$33 (per EQR).
- Projected net incomes (losses) for the fiscal year 2025 by Fund:
  - Water and Sewer Fund (\$433,700)
  - Public Works Fund \$5,800
  - Conservation Trust Fund (\$7,968)
- Budgeted capital expenditures in the Water and Sewer Fund of \$1,170,000, for which the 2025 budget included proposals for water service line replacements, rehabbing old fire hydrants, partial water meter relocation in the mobile home community, rehabbing clarifiers at the water and sewer plants, new ultraviolet treatment at the sewer plant, upgrades to the water and sewer SCADA systems, and purchase of a pickup truck.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District Manager, Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District, 401 Arroyo Drive, Parachute, Colorado 81635.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	372,021	372,021
Investments	-	1,605,071	1,605,071
Receivables, net:			
Water and sewer user fees	-	136,205	136,205
Other	-	20,170	20,170
Internal balances	81,277	(81,277)	-
Property, plant and equipment, net of			
accumulated depreciation		6,233,878	6,233,878
Total Assets	81,277	8,286,068	8,367,345
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	-	105,623	105,623
Accrued payroll	-	16,918	16,918
Accrued compensated absences	-	49,670	49,670
Customer deposits		111	111
Total Liabilities		172,322	172,322
Net Position:			
Net invested in capital assets	-	6,233,878	6,233,878
Unrestricted	81,277	1,879,868	1,961,145
Total Net Position	81,277	8,113,746	8,195,023
			5,100,010

#### Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		1	Program Revenue	es		Expense) Revenue anges in Net Positi	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs: Governmental Activities: Culture and recreation Total Governmental				15,339	15,339		15,339
Activities	-	-	-	15,339	15,339	-	15,339
Business-type Activities: Water and sewer Public works	3,163,466 31,390	2,791,326 24,500	1,775	248,832	-	(121,533) (6,890)	(121,533) (6,890)
Total Business-type Activities	3,194,856	2,815,826	1,775	248,832		(128,423)	(128,423)
Total	3,194,856	2,815,826	1,775	264,171	15,339	(128,423)	(113,084)
	General Reven					105 150	405 450
	Investment ea	imings				125,453	125,453
	Total Gene	ral Revenues				125,453	125,453

			,
Change in net position	15,339	(2,970)	12,369
Net Position - Beginning of Year (restated)	65,938	8,116,716	8,182,654
Net Position - End of Year	81,277	8,113,746	8,195,023

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Balance Sheet Governmental Fund - Conservation Trust Fund December 31, 2024

Assets: Due from other funds	81,277
Total Assets	81,277
Fund Balance: Restricted	81,277
Total Fund Balance	81,277

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund - Conservation Trust Fund December 31, 2024

Revenues:	
Lottery distributions	15,339
Total Revenues	15,339
Expenditures: Parks and recreation	
Total Expenditures	
Net Change in Fund Balance	15,339
Fund Balance - Beginning	65,938
Fund Balance - Ending	81,277

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Statement of Net Position All Proprietary Funds December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

Water and Public	
Sewer Works	<b>T</b> = 4 = 1 =
Assets:FundTotals	Totals
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents 372.021 - 372.021	135,181
	2,984,608
Receivables:	2,00 1,000
Water and sewer user fees 136,205 - 136,205	128,310
Other 20,170 20,170	16,370
Due from other funds - 61,982 61,982	64,827
	3,329,296
Non-current assets:	, ,
Land 150,000 - 150,000	150,000
Land Improvements 183,563 - 183,563	50,317
Construction in process 288,172 - 288,172	815,906
Water system 5,665,333 - 5,665,333	5,446,496
	5,789,486
Buildings 1,163,063 104,648 1,267,711	1,261,254
Equipment and vehicles 2,705,746 121,568 2,827,314	1,947,419
Accumulated depreciation (10,779,506) (155,685) (10,935,191) (1	0,408,997)
Total - Non-current assets 6,163,347 70,531 6,233,878	5,051,881
Total Assets8,296,81432,5138,429,327	8,381,177
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable 105,623 - 105,623	52,859
Accrued payroll 16,918 16,918	13,997
Deferred revenues	11,992
Customer deposits 111 - 111	111
Due to other funds 143,259 143,259	130,765
Total - Current liabilities 265,911 - 265,911	209,724
Non-current liabilities:	
Accrued compensated absences 49,670 49,670	54,737
Total - Non-current liabilities49,670-49,670	54,737
Total Liabilities 315,581 - 315,581	264,461
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets 6,163,347 70,531 6,233,878	5,051,881
Unrestricted 1,817,886 61,982 1,879,868	3,064,835
Total Net Position7,981,23332,5138,113,746	8,116,716

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position All Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		2024		2023 (Restated)
	Water and Sewer Fund	Public Works Fund	Totals	Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Water user fees	1,520,697	-	1,520,697	1,532,879
Sewer user fees	1,088,138	-	1,088,138	1,004,433
Transfer, on-site service, penalties, and NSF fees	26,949	-	26,949	27,332
Contract sweeping	-	24,500	24,500	24,500
Association management fees	155,542	-	155,542	150,030
Miscellaneous	1,775	-	1,775	272
Total Operating Revenues	2,793,101	24,500	2,817,601	2,739,446
Operating Expenses:				
Administration	1,433,487	6,765	1,440,252	1,408,268
Water and sewer plants	936,998	, -	936,998	959,023
Public works	-	20,579	20,579	7,693
Association management	123,560	-	123,560	117,351
Depreciation	534,003	4,046	538,049	379,212
Capital outlay	135,418	, _	135,418	, _
Total Operating Expenses	3,163,466	31,390	3,194,856	2,871,547
Income (Loss) from Operations	(370,365)	(6,890)	(377,255)	(132,101)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Grants and contributions awarded	248,832	-	248,832	50,000
Interest income	125,453	-	125,453	157,600
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	374,285	<u> </u>	374,285	207,600
Change in Net Position	3,920	(6,890)	(2,970)	75,499
Net Position - Beginning of Year	7,977,313	139,403	8,116,716	8,041,217
Net Position - End of Year	7,981,233	132,513	8,113,746	8,116,716

## Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		2024		2023
	Water and Sewer	Public Works		
	Fund	Fund	Totals	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers	2,614,015	24,500	2,638,515	2,590,627
Cash payments to suppliers	(1,402,506)	(19,324)	(1,421,830)	(1,309,710)
Cash payments to employees	(1,163,845)	(5,176)	(1,169,021)	(1,158,672)
Cash received for association management services	153,624	-	153,624	150,030
Other cash receipts	1,775		1,775	272
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	203,063		203,063	272,547
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Capital grants	248,832	-	248,832	50,000
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,720,045)		(1,720,045)	(596,256)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities	(1,471,213)		(1,471,213)	(546,256)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Redemption of investments	-	-	-	245,065
Interest income	125,453		125,453	4,003
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	125,453	-	125,453	249,068
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,142,697)	-	(1,142,697)	(24,641)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	3,119,789		3,119,789	3,144,430
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	1,977,092		1,977,092	3,119,789
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations				
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Income (loss) from operations	(370,365)	(6,890)	(377,255)	(132,101)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	534,003	4,046	538,049	379,213
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(11,695)	-	(11,695)	(10,510)
(Increase) decrease in due to/from other funds	12,494	2,844	15,338	17,799
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(5,067)	-	(5,067)	(7,109)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	52,763	-	52,763	13,263
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	2,922		2,922	-
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(11,992)		(11,992)	11,992
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	203,063		203,063	272,547

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District (the "District") is a quasi-municipal corporation organized and operated pursuant to provisions set forth in the Colorado Special District Act. The District was organized under the provisions of the Colorado Revised Statutes ("CRS"), 32-1-101 to 1307, as amended. The present District is a consolidation of the former Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District and Consolidated Metropolitan District. The former Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District was a consolidation of Battlement Mesa Water and Sanitation District and Saddleback Metropolitan District. The purposes of the District are to provide metropolitan district facilities, programs and services for parks and recreation, streets, mosquito control, safety and fire protection, through provision and maintenance of fire hydrants, and water and sanitation services to the residents of the District. The management of the District is primarily through an elected Board of Directors which oversees administration, operations, and maintenance functions.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the District are discussed below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations, which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Culture and recreation are classified as governmental activities. The District's water and sewer utilities, public works, and association management are classified as business-type activities.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities (culture and recreation, utilities, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (investment earnings). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The District reports the following governmental fund:

The *Conservation Trust Fund* accounts for lottery proceeds required to be expended solely on park and recreation improvements.

The District reports the following proprietary or business-type funds:

The *Water and Sewer Fund* accounts for the operations of the water and sewer plants and association management.

The Public Works Fund accounts for the operations of street sweeping.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

#### 1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

## 2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### 3. Financial Statement Presentation

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers and applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### E. Financial Statement Accounts

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within 3 months of the date acquired by the District. The District has a policy of central cash management for all funds.

Investments are stated at fair value or net asset value. The change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### E. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

The District follows Colorado statutes specifying specific investment instruments meeting defined rating criteria in which local governments may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Banker's acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- · Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contract
- Local government investment pools

#### 3. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. All service revenues become a lien on property if not paid. No allowance is recorded at December 31, 2024, as all accounts are considered to be collectible.

#### 4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Balances at year-end between funds are reported as "due to / from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances not eliminated between the governmental and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances" in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include the water system, sewer collection system, and the related improvements and equipment, are reported in the financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Capital outlay for projects is capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is expensed as incurred.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 3 to 40 years.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### E. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

#### 6. Compensated Absences

The District has adopted a policy regarding compensated absences. It is the policy of the District to provide paid leave time for vacation, sick time, and holiday pay. To be eligible, the employee must be a full-time, permanent employee who has completed a six month probationary period. Qualified employees accumulate paid leave at a rate of 192 hours a year. Qualified employees can also accumulate longevity pay at the rate of 8 hours per year for the first ten years of service and 4 hours a year for each year of service from eleven to thirty years. Paid leave time may accumulate up to 240 hours. Any hours in excess of 240 can be disposed of by: 1) using it as vacation, 2) converting it to retirement at 80%, 3) being paid for the excess at a rate of 80%, or 4) being paid a maximum accumulation on termination of 100% up to 240 hours.

#### 7. Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of the governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Long-term obligations for proprietary funds are recognized when the related liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

#### 8. Categories and Classification of Fund Balance

Governmental accounting standards establish fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications include Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund Balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### E. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

#### 8. Categories and Classification of Fund Balance (continued)

Spendable Fund Balance:

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority which is Board of Directors. The District's original budget legislation begins with combining historical data, assessment of needs for the upcoming year and the Board of Directors platform to review, and/or make changes to each department's budget. Before year end, a budgetary committee will meet again with each department for final review and approval of preliminary budget. The Budget is then formally presented to Board of Directors via an advertised public process for their review, revisions and final approval by year end. All subsequent budget requests made during the year, after Board of Directors approval, must be presented via a public process and again approval by Board of Directors.

Assigned – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Board of Directors or its management designee.

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within a general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

In addition to the above note disclosure, GASB 54 requires disclosure of the following fund definitions:

Special Revenue Funds:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### F. Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Restricted and Unrestricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

In the fall of each year, the District's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The proprietary funds were adopted on a non-GAAP budgetary basis and have been reconciled to a GAAP basis below:

	Water and Sewer	Public Works
	Fund	Fund
Change in net position - Budget basis	(1, 182, 122)	(2,844)
Capitalized assets	1,720,045	-
Depreciation	(534,003)	(4,046)
Change in net position - GAAP basis	3,920	(6,890)

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024, the Water and Sewer Fund and the Public Works Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$268,008 and \$13,344, respectively.

#### II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

#### A. Budgetary Information (continued)

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the required timetable noted below in preparing, approving, and enacting its budget for 2024.

- 1. For the 2024 budget year, prior to August 25, 2023, the County Assessor sent to the District an assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The County Assessor may change the assessed valuation on or before December 10 only once by a single notification to the District.
- 2. The District did not certify a mill levy for the year 2024.
- 3. Prior to December 15, 2023, after a required publication of "Notice of Proposed Budget" and a public hearing, the District certified to the County Commissioners a levy rate that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget, and the District adopted the proposed budget and an appropriating resolution that legally appropriated expenditures for the upcoming year.
- 4. After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) approve supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of estimated revenues in the budget; b) approve emergency appropriations; and c) reduce appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

#### B. TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

The District believes its enterprise funds also qualify as enterprises as defined in the amendment and are therefore exempt from the provisions of the amendment. The District also believes that as its governmental fund is a conservation trust fund, it is also exempt from the provisions of the amendment. The District's management believes that it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by State regulators. Amounts in deposit in excess of Federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Local Government Investment Pool – At December 31, 2024, the District had invested \$1,605,071 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"). COLOTRUST is an investment vehicle established by State statute for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes, and is registered with the State Securities Commissioner. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of each pooled investment.

The majority of securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify investments owned by COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST's investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities. These investments are not categorized because the underlying securities cannot be determined. Of the investments held in COLOTRUST at December 31, 2024, the District had invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operates similarly to money market funds and each share is equal in value to \$1.

At December 31, 2024, the District had the following cash and investments with the following maturities:

			Maturities	
		Carrying	Less Than	Less Than
Туре	Rating	Amount	One Year	<b>Five Years</b>
Deposits:				
Petty cash	Not Rated	300	300	-
Checking	Not Rated	208,895	208,895	-
Money market	Not Rated	162,826	162,826	-
Investments:				
COLOTRUST Investment Pool	AAAm	1,605,071	1,605,071	
		1,977,092	1,977,092	

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#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by GAAP. At December 31, 2024, the District had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value	Total
COLOTRUST	1,605,071

COLOTRUST is a 2a7-like pool. The investment is measured at the net asset value, and the fair value of the pool is determined by the pool's share price. The District has no regulatory oversight for the pool.

**Interest Rate Risk,** As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the District has invested primarily in COLOTRUST. Funds in COLOTRUST can be withdrawn without notice or penalty.

**Credit Risk,** State law and District policy limit investments to those authorized by State statutes including U.S. Agencies and local government investment pools. The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments.

**Concentration of Credit Risk**, The District diversifies its investments by security type and institution. Colorado's PDPA requirement noted above mitigates concentration of credit risk.

**Custodial Credit Risk**, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the "Trust"), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. The District holds all funds in COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ can invest in U.S. Treasury, government agencies, and in the highest-rate commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as a safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. The Trust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and is measured at net asset value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

## III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the District's funds, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Water and Sewer
Receivables:	
Water and sewer user fees	136,205
Other	20,170
Gross receivables	156,375
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	-
Net receivables	156,375

# C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 1/1/2024 (Restated)	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 12/31/2024
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	150,000	-	-	150,000
Construction in progress	815,906	116, 198	(643,932)	288,172
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	965,906	116, 198	(643,932)	438,172
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Water system	5,446,496	218,837	-	5,665,333
Sewer system	5,789,486	997,490	-	6,786,976
Buildings	1,261,254	6,457	-	1,267,711
Equipment and vehicles	1,947,419	891,749	(11,854)	2,827,314
Land improvements	50,317	133,246	-	183,563
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	14,494,972	2,247,779	(11,854)	16,730,897
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Sewer system	(4,329,727)	(170,493)	-	(4,500,220)
Water system	(4,416,169)	(134,865)	-	(4,551,034)
Buildings	(400,670)	(31,929)	-	(432,599)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,258,254)	(183,582)	11,854	(1,429,982)
Land improvements	(4,177)	(17, 179)	-	(21,356)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(10,408,997)	(538,048)	11,854	(10,935,191)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	4,085,975	1,709,731		5,795,706
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	5,051,881	1,825,929	(643,932)	6,233,878

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	Receivable	Payable
Conservation Trust Fund	81,277	-
Water and Sewer Fund	-	143,259
Public Works Fund	61,982	
Total	143,259	143,259

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

#### E. Long-term Liabilities – Business-type Activities

	Beginning Balance 1/1/2024	Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance 12/31/2024	Due Within One Year
Accrued compensated absences*	54,737	(5,067)	49,670	37,253
Total Liabilities	54,737	(5,067)	49,670	37,253

Changes in the District's long-term liabilities are as follows:

\* The change in the accrued compensated absences liability is reported as a net change.

#### IV. Other Information

#### A. Service Agreement – Town of Parachute

In 2000, the former Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with the Town of Parachute ("Town") to provide the Town with water and sewer services until December 31, 2002. The Agreement also called for the Town to pay for tap fees to the former Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District. The Agreement included two annual renewal terms. In 2003 the Agreement was amended to extend the Agreement until December 31, 2005. Effective in 2007, the District entered into an agreement with the former Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District to assign the Agreement over to the District. The Agreement was amended again in 2007, between the District and the Town, to extend the term of the Agreement to five years, with an option of renewing the Agreement on an annual basis. In 2024, the District recognized sewer charges and tap fees from the Town in the amount of \$187,850.

#### IV. Other Information (continued)

#### B. Service Agreement – Street Sweeping

In 2024, the District entered into an agreement with Battlement Mesa Service Association (the "Association") to provide the sweeping of gravel, dirt and debris from the streets located within the Association. The District charged in accordance with the agreement for the services provided.

#### C. Management Agreement

In 2024, the District entered into a management agreement the Association with to manage the day-to-day operation of the Association. The agreement commenced on January 1, 2024, and ended December 31, 2024. The District entered into another management agreement with the Association to commence on January 1, 2025 and end December 31, 2025.

Services provided to the Association resulted in the following revenues to the District during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024:

Management fees	115,823
Water user fees	191,155
Postage, office supplies, copies	11,402
Street sweeping	15,000
Litter pickup	5,620
Covenant enforcement	21,000
Maintenance	3,240
Miscellaneous	1,910
Total	365,150

#### D. Retirement Plan

District employees are eligible to participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code section 457 (the "Deferred Compensation Plan"). The Deferred Compensation Plan, which is administered by the District, allows employees the opportunity to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All compensation deferred under the Deferred Compensation Plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Amounts contributed to the Deferred Compensation Plan are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Participants may elect to defer any percentage of their annual compensation, provided that the total annual contribution does not exceed limitations established by the Internal Revenue Service. The District matches up to the first 5% of employee contributions.

The contributions for 2024 were \$50,257 by the employees and \$26,212 by the District. As of December 31, 2024, there were no outstanding contribution liabilities.

#### IV. Other Information (continued)

#### E. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and general liability. The District carries commercial coverage for these risks and does not expect claims to exceed their coverage. There have been no reductions in coverage from 2023 to 2024 and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past year.

#### F. Contingencies - Claims

During the normal course of business, the District incurs claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives feel none of these claims or assertions are significant enough that they would materially affect the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements at December 31, 2024.

#### G. Sunforce Solutions International-I, Inc. Agreements

In September 2014, the District entered into a power purchase agreement and land lease agreement with Sunforce Solutions International-I, Inc. ("Sunforce"), in which the District leases certain land for the installation, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement and improvement of solar energy facility to Sunforce and the District shall purchase energy from Sunforce under the terms of the agreements. The initial terms of the agreements are for 20 years and include the option of up to four extensions of five years.

#### H. Restatement of Net Position

During fiscal year 2024, the District determined that there were capitalizable expenditures relating to fire hydrant rebuilds that were expensed in 2023. As a result, restatements in net position resulted in the following changes to correct beginning capital asset balances.

	12/31/23 As Previously Reported	Error Correction	12/31/23 As Restated
Government-Wide			
Business-Type Activities	7,976,256	140,461	8,116,717
Total Primary Government	7,976,256	140,461	8,116,717
Proprietary Funds			
Water and Sewer Fund	7,836,853	140,461	7,977,314
Total Proprietary Funds	7,836,853	140,461	7,977,314

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Conservation Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

	2024			2023	
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:					
Lottery distributions	14,000	15,339	1,339	17,801	
Total Revenues	14,000	15,339	1,339	17,801	
Expenditures:					
Parks and recreation	14,000		14,000		
Total Expenditures	14,000		14,000		
Change in Fund Balance	-	15,339	15,339	17,801	
Fund Balance - Beginning		65,938	65,938	48,137	
Fund Balance - Ending		81,277	81,277	65,938	

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual With Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Water and Sewer Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		2024		2023
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Water user fees	1,522,000	1,520,697	(1,303)	1,532,879
Sewer user fees	1,060,000	1,088,138	28,138	1,004,433
Transfer, on-site service, penalties, and NSF fees	32,000	26,949	(5,051)	27,332
Association management fees	147,000	155,542	8,542	150,030
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,775	775	272
Total Operating Revenues	2,762,000	2,793,101	31,101	2,714,946
<b>Operating Expenses:</b> Administration:				
Accounting and audit	17,000	17,000	-	16,062
Contract labor and administrative	18,000	7,820	10,180	14,276
Insurance	108,000	117,648	(9,648)	102,222
Legal	6,000	4,865	1,135	2,278
Landscaping	6,000	9,146	(3,146)	8,596
Repairs and maintenance	8,000	8,806	(806)	13,546
Office supplies, postage, and miscellaneous	109,500	106,502	2,998	98,170
Salaries, benefits and taxes	1,240,000	1,161,700	78,300	1,147,615
Water and sewer plants:	492.000	E20 402	(46,402)	E40 244
Repairs and maintenance Utilities	483,000 363,000	529,493 376,705	(46,493) (13,705)	548,244 386,882
Sewer processing charges	27,000	30,800	(3,800)	21,484
Water purchases	2,000	50,000	2,000	2,413
Association management expenses:	2,000		2,000	2,415
Office supplies, postage, and miscellaneous	17,400	20,304	(2,904)	17,860
Salaries, benefits and taxes	103,600	103,256	344	99,491
Capital outlay	1,573,000	1,855,463	(282,463)	455,795
Total Operating Expenses	4,081,500	4,349,508	(268,008)	2,934,934
Operating Income (Loss) - Budget Basis	(1,319,500)	(1,556,407)	(236,907)	(219,988)
Non Operating Bevenues (Expenses)				
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Grants and contributions awarded	150,000	248,832	98,832	50,000
Investment income	150,000	125,453	(24,547)	157,600
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	300,000	374,285	74,285	207,600
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(1,019,500)	(1,182,122)	(162,622)	(12,388)
Capital contributions - Tap fees	95,000	-	(95,000)	-
Change in Net Position - Budget Basis	(924,500)	(1,182,122)	(257,622)	(12,388)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:				
Capitalized assets		1,720,045		455,795
Depreciation expense		(534,003)		(375,166)
Change in Net Position - GAAP Basis		3,920		68,241
Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated)		7,977,314		7,909,073
Net Position - End of Year		7,981,234		7,977,314

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Battlement Mesa Metropolitan District Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual with Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Public Works Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		2024		2023
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Contract sweeping	24,500	24,500	-	24,500
Total Operating Revenues	24,500	24,500		24,500
<b>Operating expenses:</b> Administration:				
Insurance	1,400	1,400	-	1,398
Office supplies, postage, and miscellaneous	300	190	110	157
Salaries, benefits and taxes Public Works:	3,800	5,175	(1,375)	3,947
Repairs and maintenance	8,500	20,579	(12,079)	7,693
Total Operating Expenses	14,000	27,344	(13,344)	13,195
Change in Net Position - Budget Basis	10,500	(2,844)	(13,344)	11,305
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:				
Depreciation expense		(4,046)		(4,046)
Change in Net Position - GAAP Basis		(6,890)		7,259
Net Position - Beginning of Year		139,403		132,144
Net Position - End of Year		132,513		139,403